Snowden & Internet

Cees de Laat
The revelations

• A series of exposés beginning June 5, 2013 revealed Internet surveillance programs such as PRISM, XKeyscore and Tempora, as well as the interception of US and European telephone metadata.
NSA: 
“Collect it all, know it all, exploit it all”
Snowden personalia

- Edward Joseph Snowden
- Elizabeth City (NC), 21 juni 1983
- Former employee of the CIA
- System manager subcontracted from the company Booz Allen Hamilton by the National Security Agency (NSA)
- In June 2013 Snowden leaked classified information on a number of espionage activities by the NSA on the Internet
- Activities included global surveillance programs run by NSA & Five Eyes Intel Alliance and many other agencies
Input
Peak In :  4.587 Tb/s  Peak Out :  4.578 Tb/s
Average In : 3.256 Tb/s  Average Out : 3.256 Tb/s
Current In : 4.094 Tb/s  Current Out : 4.091 Tb/s

Copyright (c) 2016 AMS-IX B.V.  [updated: 09-Oct-2016 13:56:25 +0200]
Multiple colors / Fiber

Per fiber: ~ 80-100 colors * 50 - 100 GHz
Per color: 10 – 40 – 100 - 200 – 400 Gbit/s
Max total: ~20 Tbit/s = ~2 Tbyte/s

Wavelength Selective Switch

New: Hollow Fiber!

⇒ less RTT!
Dispersion compensating modem: eDCO from NORTEL
(Try to Google eDCO :-)

Solution in 5 easy steps for dummy’s:
• try to figure out \( T(f) \) by trial and error
• invert \( T(f) \) to \( T^{-1}(f) \)
• computationally multiply \( T^{-1}(f) \) with Fourier transform of bit pattern to be send
• inverse Fourier transform the result from frequency to time space
• modulate laser with resulting \( h'(t) = F^{-1}(F(h(t)).T^{-1}(f)) \)

(ps. due to power \( \sim \) square \( E \) the signal to send looks like uncompensated received but is not)
Gridless colors.

Figure 1 – Fixed Grid vs. Gridless Networking
Undersea Cable System
A cable landing station may or may not be required, depending on whether, for example, the submarine cable requires power to power submarine repeaters or amplifiers. The voltages applied to the cables can be high **3,000 to 4,000 volts** for a typical trans-Atlantic telecommunications cable system, and 1,000 volts for a cross-channel telecommunications cable system. Submarine power cables can operate at many kilovolts: for example, the **Fenno-Skan power cable operates at 400 kV DC**.
The GLIF – LightPaths around the World

The GLIF – LightPaths around the World

De Amerikaanse telecomprovider AT&T biedt Amerikaanse politie- en inlichtingendiensten voor miljoenen dollars per jaar toegang tot een dienst om burgers te bespioneren. Voor deze software die klantgegevens analyseert, genaamd 'Hemisphere', hebben overheidsinstanties geen opsporingsbevel nodig. De belofte om Hemisphere niet te noemen in strafrechtelijk onderzoek ontstaat, onthulde nieuwssite The Daily Beast dinsdag.

Door zonder formeel arrestatiebevel klantgegevens aan overheidsinstanties te verstrekken, schendt het feitelijk de privacy van zijn ruim honderd miljoen klanten. Analisten van AT&T zoeken met Hemisphere naar verborgen patronen in de zogeheten metadata die het bedrijf van zijn klanten opslaat. Daarmee kunnen zij relaties tussen personen en hun verplaatsingen door de Verenigde Staten nauwkeurig bijhouden.

Telecombedrijven zijn verplicht om data af te geven als opsporingsdiensten daarom vragen. Maar AT&T handelt met de surveillancesoftware Hemisphere vooral uit commercieel oogpunt, zegt beleidsanalist Christopher Soghoian van burgerrechtenbeweging ACLU tegen The Daily Beast. 'AT&T hoort zijn database niet te datamen om de politie te helpen aan nieuwe gevallen om te onderzoeken.' Een woordvoerder van AT&T zegt tegen The Daily Beast echter dat het bedrijf 'geen speciale database' bijhoudt voor de Amerikaanse overheidsinstanties.

Politiedepartementen zouden 100 duizend tot één miljoen dollar per jaar betalen voor toegang tot Hemisphere. De bestuurlijke regio waarin de Texaanse stad Houston ligt zou tussen 2007 en 2011 ruim 900 duizend dollar aan de dienst hebben gespendeerd, schrijft The Daily Beast op basis van een contract dat het heeft ingezien.

Federale en lokale agenten kunnen niet rechtstreeks bij de data, deze worden op afstand doorgeleid door werknemers van AT&T. Hemisphere zou in zeker 28 inlichtingencentra verspreid door de VS worden gebruikt.


Zo werd de moord op een familie uit Californië opgelost toen gegevens van AT&T vastgesteld dat de verdachte op de plaats delict was, twee dagen nadat het gezin van vier vermist was. De telefoon van Charles Merritt maakte contact met een telefoonmast iets ten noordoosten van de vindplaats van de familie McStay.

Een deel van de activiteiten van AT&T's programma blijft in nevelen gehuld. Het gevaar van deze geheimzinnigheid is volgens Adam Schwartz van de Electronic Frontier Foundation, dat data die AT&T levert aan inlichtingendiensten, niet als bewijs opgevoerd kunnen worden in de rechtszaal. Gedagden hebben het recht om te weten waarvan zij worden verdacht en hoe dat bewijs is gewonnen.

Schwartz stelt dat de politie mogelijk eerst het bewijs van AT&T bekijkt, om datzelfde bewijs vervolgens op een andere manier zelf te verzamelen.
## Revelations on:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>name</th>
<th>orig</th>
<th>partners</th>
<th>purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Xkeyscore</td>
<td>USA</td>
<td>D, S</td>
<td>searching and analyzing global Internet data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRISM</td>
<td>USA</td>
<td>AU, UK, NL</td>
<td>collect info from Micro$oft, Google, Facebook, Apple</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHELON</td>
<td>USA</td>
<td>5Y</td>
<td>global network to eavesdrop on telephones, faxes and computers, bank accounts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carnivore</td>
<td>USA</td>
<td></td>
<td>Monitor electronic communications using customizable packet sniffer on target user's Internet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DISHFire</td>
<td>USA</td>
<td>UK</td>
<td>covert global surveillance collection system and database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stone Ghost</td>
<td>USA</td>
<td></td>
<td>information sharing and exchange between the United States, the United Kingdom, Canada and Australia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tempora</td>
<td>UK</td>
<td>USA</td>
<td>Telcos: BT, Interoute, L3, Global Crossing, Verizon, Viatel, Vodafone cable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUSCULAR</td>
<td>UK</td>
<td>USA</td>
<td>records from internal Yahoo! and Google</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frenchelon</td>
<td>FR</td>
<td></td>
<td>French global network to eavesdrop on telephones, faxes and computers, bank accounts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fairview</td>
<td>USA</td>
<td>AT&amp;T</td>
<td>collect phone, internet and e-mail data of foreign countries' citizens at major cable landing stations and switching stations inside the United States</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MYSTIC</td>
<td>USA</td>
<td></td>
<td>collect the metadata as well as the content of phone calls from several entire countries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DCSN</td>
<td>USA</td>
<td>FBI</td>
<td>surveillance system to perform instant wiretaps on almost any telecommunications device in the US</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boundless Informant</td>
<td>USA</td>
<td></td>
<td>a big data analysis and data visualization tool</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BULLRUN</td>
<td>USA</td>
<td></td>
<td>to crack encryption of online communications and data (UK -&gt; Edgehill)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PINWALE</td>
<td>USA</td>
<td></td>
<td>Digital Network Intelligence, including internet e-mail</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stingray</td>
<td>USA</td>
<td></td>
<td>IMSI-catcher, cellular phone surveillance device, manufactured by Harris Corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOVEINT</td>
<td>USA</td>
<td></td>
<td>Spying on colleague's, spouses 😊</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
• The two principal components of Tempora are called (wikipedia)
  • "Mastering the Internet" (MTI)
  • "Global Telecoms Exploitation”
• Collate online and telephone traffic
• Data from fibre-optic cable communications.
• Data is preserved for three days, metadata for thirty days.
• By May 2012 300 GCHQ analysts and 250 NSA analysts had been assigned to sort data.[4]
• About 850,000 people have security clearance to access the data.
• Tempora said to include recordings of telephone calls, content of email messages, Facebook entries and personal internet history of users.
• Snowden said of Tempora that "It's not just a U.S. problem. “They [GCHQ] are worse than the U.S.”
• Dutch programs (iColumbo: http://columbo.nl/)
What is XKEYSCORE?

1. DNI Exploitation System/Analytic Framework
2. Performs strong (e.g. email) and soft (content) selection
3. Provides real-time target activity (tipping)
4. “Rolling Buffer” of ~3 days of ALL unfiltered data seen by XKEYSCORE:
   - Stores full-take data at the collection site – indexed by meta-data
   - Provides a series of viewers for common data types

1. Federated Query system – one query scans all sites
   - Performing full-take allows analysts to find targets that were previously unknown by mining the meta-data
Where is X-KEYSCORE?

Approximately 150 sites
Over 700 servers
Utah data center
capable of storing data on the scale of yottabytes (1 yottabyte = 1 trillion terabytes, or 1 quadrillion gigabytes or $10^{24}$).

Its purpose – as the name implies – is to support the Comprehensive National Cybersecurity Initiative (CNCI), including storing details of people’s mobile phone and internet use, though its precise mission is secret.

The planned structure is about 1.25 million square feet and cost $1.5 billion when it was completed in May 2014.

One report suggested that it also cost another $2 billion for hardware, software, and maintenance.

The facility is estimated to have a power demand of 65 megawatts, costing about $40 million per year.
What XKS does with the Sessions

Plug-ins extract and index metadata into tables

- phone numbers
- email addresses
- log ins
- user activity

Database
- metadata tables
- full log

*Queries*

Session
# Plug-ins

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plug-in</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E-mail Addresses</td>
<td>Indexes every E-mail address seen in a session by both username and domain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extracted Files</td>
<td>Indexes every file seen in a session by both filename and extension</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Full Log</td>
<td>Indexes every DNI session collected. Data is indexed by the standard N-tuple (IP, Port, Casenotation etc.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Parser</td>
<td>Indexes the client-side HTTP traffic (examples to follow)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phone Number</td>
<td>Indexes every phone number seen in a session (e.g. address book entries or signature block)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User Activity</td>
<td>Indexes the Webmail and Chat activity to include username, buddylist, machine specific cookies etc.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
What Can Be Stored?

- Anything you wish to extract
- Choose your metadata
- Customizable storage times
- Ex: HTTP Parser

GET /search?hl=en&q=islamabad&meta HTTP/1.0
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, application/vnd.ms-application/msword, application/x-shockwave-flash, */*
Referer: http://www.google.com.pk/
Accept-Language: en-us
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT 5.1)
Host: www.google.com.p

No username/strong selector

Connection: keep-alive
Introduction

U.S. as World’s Telecommunications Backbone

• Much of the world’s communications flow through the U.S.
• A target’s phone call, e-mail or chat will take the **cheapest** path, **not the physically most direct** path – you can’t always predict the path.
• Your target’s communications could easily be flowing into and through the U.S.

International Internet Regional Bandwidth Capacity in 2011
Source: Tele geography Research
PRISM Collection Details

Current Providers

- Microsoft (Hotmail, etc.)
- Google
- Yahoo!
- Facebook
- PalTalk
- YouTube
- Skype
- AOL
- Apple

What Will You Receive in Collection (Surveillance and Stored Comms)?
It varies by provider. In general:

- E-mail
- Chat – video, voice
- Videos
- Photos
- Stored data
- VoIP
- File transfers
- Video Conferencing
- Notifications of target activity – logins, etc.
- Online Social Networking details
- Special Requests

Complete list and details on PRISM web page:
Go PRISMFAAA

TOP SECRET//SI//ORCON//NOFORN
Dates When PRISM Collection Began For Each Provider:

- Microsoft: 9/11/07
- Yahoo: 3/12/08
- Google: 6/3/09
- Facebook: 12/7/09
- PalTalk: 9/24/10
- YouTube: 2/6/11
- Skype: 3/31/11
- AOL: 1st Quarter 2012
- Apple: 4th Quarter 2012

PRISM Program Cost: ~$20M per year
New Internet Technology

- SDN, NFV, OpenFlow
- Decoupling logic from forwarding plane
- Rules that encode in forwarding plane TCAM’s
  - Ternary Content Addressable Memory
MERKEL ON THE PHONE, SHE'S VERY ANGRY
Encryption?

The NSA follows specific procedures to target non-U.S. persons and to minimize data collection from U.S. persons.

These court-approved policies allow the NSA to:

• keep data that could potentially contain details of U.S. persons for up to five years;
• retain and make use of "inadvertently acquired" domestic communications if they contain usable intelligence, information on criminal activity, threat of harm to people or property, are encrypted, or are believed to contain any information relevant to cybersecurity;
• preserve "foreign intelligence information" contained within attorney–client communications
• access the content of communications gathered from "U.S. based machine[s]" or phone numbers in order to establish if targets are located in the U.S., for the purposes of ceasing further surveillance.
Computing vs Data

Computing per unit cost has doubled roughly every 18 months (Moore’s law).

Space per unit cost has doubled roughly every 14 months (Kryder’s law).

So: data becomes exponentially uncomputable.

http://www.mkomo.com/cost-per-gigabyte
NSA seeks to build quantum computer that could crack most types of encryption

HOW BAD IS IT?
If you take the development of serious quantum computing power as a given, all of the encryption methods based on factoring primes or doing modular exponentials, most notably RSA, elliptic curve cryptography, and Diffie-Hellman are all in trouble. Specifically, Shor’s algorithm, when applied on a quantum computer, will render the previously difficult math problems that underlie these methods trivially easy almost irrespective of chosen key length. That covers most currently used public-key crypto and the key exchange that’s used in negotiating an SSL connection.

Post Quantum encryption
• https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Post-quantum_cryptography
• https://www.schneier.com/blog/archives/2016/07/googles_post-qu.html
• https://eprint.iacr.org/2015/1092.pdf

Note the difference ==
Fact & Fiction

• Claims that BT pre-cooks adsl modems to send information from home networks to NSA and British Intelligence
  • http://cryptome.org/2013/12/Full-Disclosure.pdf
  • Modem connects to specific IP addresses at boot time
• Critical responses:
  • DOD uses lots of address space that is not publicly routed
    • http://blog.erratasec.com/2013/12/dod-address-space-its-not-conspiracy.html
  • See also the comment:
    "lucent uses 152.148.0.0/16 for 'management' on lots of their old big telco iron as if it was RFC-1918 space. (...)"
  • Also BT-competitor AAISP claims this is FUD:
    • https://s.aa.net.uk/1871
  • Claims: "They use DOD space because it's not internet-routable, and it’s for the TR-069 ( http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/TR-069 ) service. This is *NOT* news."
    • http://www.bit-tech.net/news/hardware/2013/12/17/bt-back-door/1
What has this to do with the National Science quiz 2013?

• Q13: For an illness that 1 out of 1000 people suffer, a 99% accurate test is developed. You are tested with that method and found bearer of the illness. What is the probability that you really have the specific illness?
• Choose: [ A: 99%, B: 50%, C: 9% ]
• Answer C: because you are in the set of true and false positives!
• Suppose the accuracy of PRISM, Tempora, Xkeyscore, etc. is 99% and 1 out of 100000 of the subjects are indeed terrorists
• False positives among 100k … ~1000 !
• Send in the drones: http://www.businessinsider.com/nsa-cia-drone-program-2013-10?international=true&r=US&IR=T
I will follow you!

iframe
2009 (Nov)

Click the chart to advance, or click on a year

- 2005
- 2006
- 2007
- 2009 (Nov)
- 2009 (Dec)
- 2010 (Apr)

Availability of your personal data on Facebook (default settings)

Number of People:

1
130
8.5K
350M

Matt McKeon, May 2010
You are Facebook's product, not customer

People need to understand that they are the product of Facebook and not the customer, according to media theorist and writer Douglas Rushkoff.

Speaking at the inaugural Hello Etsy conference in Berlin, the author of *Program or Be Programmed* said: "Ask a kid what Facebook is for and they'll answer 'it's there to help me make friends'. Facebook's boardroom isn't talking about how to make Johnny more friends. It's talking about how to monetise Johnny's social graph."
World's Biggest Data Breaches

Selected losses greater than 30,000 records
(updated 10th Sep 2017)

Filter by:
- ORGANISATION
  - all
  - academic
  - org
  - financial
  - gaming
  - government
  - healthcare
  - legal
  - media
  - military
  - retail
  - tech
  - telecoms
  - transport
  - web

- METHOD OF LEAK
  - all
  - accidentally published
  - hacked
  - inside job
  - lost / stolen device or media
  - poor security
TOR: third-generation onion routing project of the U.S. Naval Research Laboratory.
TOR: third-generation onion routing project of the U.S. Naval Research Laboratory.
TOR: third-generation onion routing project of the U.S. Naval Research Laboratory.

Step 3: If at a later time, the user visits another site, Alice's Tor client selects a second random path. Again, green links are encrypted, red links are in the clear.
Some remarks

- Not everyone is interesting
- False positives disastrous
- The Internet does not forget
- Asymptotic loss of privacy
- Trying to hide can also trigger!
- Governments may be spooky, don’t forget Industry!
- NSA candy store:
This document states that "Pervasive monitoring is a technical attack that should be mitigated in the design of IETF protocols, where possible."
Until very recently, ethical discussions were only relevant to fields of research in which research is conducted on humans, such as medicine and some social sciences. However, due to the increased involvement of humans as in (in)direct research objects in the Information Sciences (IS), these ethical discussions are also becoming important in our field.

http://delaat.net/ecis
Q & A

White Hat

Black Hat